

●● FillerCollector®

New
single use

Most effective complete disposable system for collection, washing, filtration and concentration of fat tissue



All in one

- Collection: up to 250 ml fat tissue in a sterile, closed system
- Washing: removal of drugs (e.g. local anesthetics, adrenaline)
- Due to the new mesh filter and the drain the residual liquid in the lipoaspirate is reduced to 15 %

Cost effective and easy handling

- Time saving – no further processing (e.g. no centrifugation)
- Sterile fat extraction for immediate lipofilling

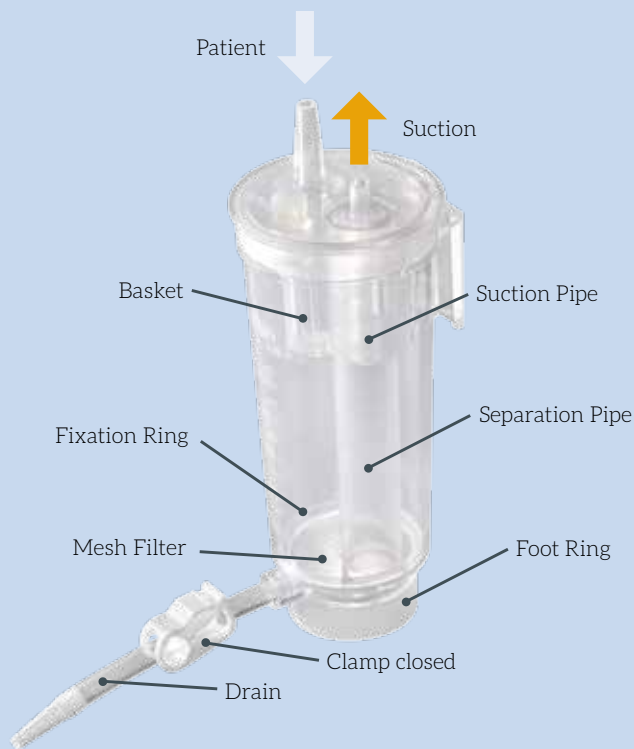
Predictable results

- Optimum fluid content of 15 %
- Highest possible fat viability of 90 % harvested with body-jet® technology
- Optimum fat cell cluster size of approx. 0.9 mm for highest survival rates¹

Satisfied
Patients



human med
water-jet assisted medical technologies



The FillerCollector® is designed for easy, fast and effective fat collection of up to 250 ml. The aspirated fat tissue is continuously washed, separated and concentrated during the liposuction procedure. Centrifugation or any other time consuming processing steps before fat transfer are not required.^{2,3,4}

¹ Kotaro Yoshimura M.D. et al: The Fate of Adipocytes after Nonvascularized Fat Grafting: Evidence of Early Death and Replacement of Adipocytes. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery. May 2012; 1081-1092

² H. Peltoniemi, A. Salmi, S. Miettinen et al.: Stem cell enrichment does not warrant a higher graft survival in lipofilling of the breast: A prospective comparative study. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive & Aesthetic Surgery (2013) 66, 1494 – 1503

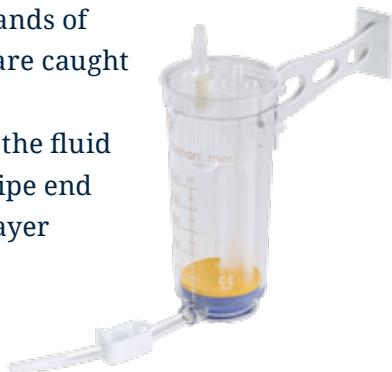
³ M. Stabile, K. Ueberreiter, H. E. Schakker, D.I. Hoppe: Jet assisted fat transfer to the female breast: preliminary experiences. European Journal of Plastic Surgery. March 2014

⁴ Sasaki GH.: Water-assisted liposuction for body contouring and lipoharvesting: safety and efficacy in 41 consecutive patients. Aesthet Surg J. 2011 Jan 1;31(1):76-88

Highest possible fat quality in combination with human med's water-jet assisted technology

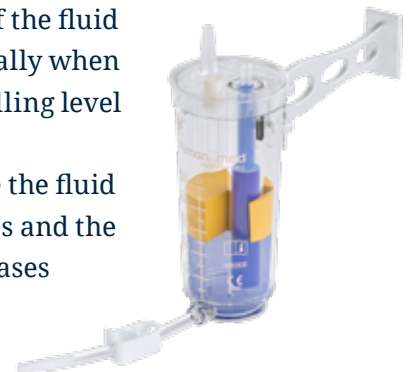
1

- Larger tissue strands of the lipoaspirate are caught in the basket
- Fat is floating on the fluid
- The separation pipe end is below the fat layer



2

- The aspiration of the fluid starts automatically when the maximum filling level is reached
- At the same time the fluid volume decreases and the fat volume increases



3

- The maximum fat volume is reached
- Open the clamp of the drain and remove the residual fluid
- In this way, the residual fluid in the lipoaspirate is reduced from 30 % to 15 %



4

- Close the clamp
- After aspiration of the residual fluid the injectable fat suspension is extracted through the opening EXTRACT with an Extraction Cannula

